実験報告書様式(一般利用課題・成果公開利用)

(※本報告書は英語で記述してください。ただし、産業利用課題として採択されている方は日本語で記述していただいても結構です。)

MIE Evnorimental Deport	提出日 Date of Report
MLF Experimental Report	2011/06/29
課題番号 Project No.	装置責任者 Name of responsible person
2010A0084	Ichirho Tanaka
実験課題名 Title of experiment	装置名 Name of Instrument/(BL No.)
Crystal structure of a lead-based inorganic-organic	iBIX
perovskite (C5H10NH2)PbBr3	実施日 Date of Experiment
実験責任者名 Name of principal investigator	2010/10/17 - 2010/10/21
Miwako Takahash	
所属 Affiliation	
Univ. of Tsukuba	

試料、実験方法、利用の結果得られた主なデータ、考察、結論等を、記述して下さい。(適宜、図表添付のこと)

Please report your samples, experimental method and results, discussion and conclusions.	Please add figures and	
tables for better explanation.		
1. 試料 Name of sample(s) and chemical formula, or compositions including physical form.		
${ m C_4H_{10}NOPbBr_3}$		

2. 実験方法及び結果 (実験がうまくいかなかった場合、その理由を記述してください。)

 $3 \times 3 \times 0.8 \text{mm}^3$, 0.03g

Experimental method and results. If you failed to conduct experiment as planned, please describe reasons. Single crystal diffraction measurement was performed at 120K. The experiment was successful and obtained data were analyzed using program GSAS. The final reliable factors are R=15% and the nuclear positions of hydrogen atoms are determined accurately. Figure 1 shows crystal structure of C₄H₁₀NOPbBr₃ obtained by the present neutron data. In the figure, orientation of the molecules and distortion tendency of PbBr₆ octahedra shows existence of chemical bonding between lead and oxygen atoms. By comparing the electron density distribution obtained by X-ray diffraction, it is suggested that the bonding between organic and inorganic parts is of an ionic character.

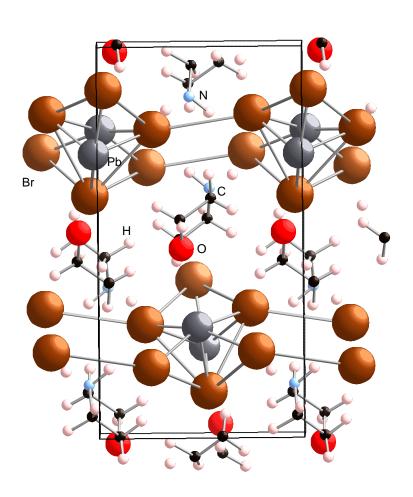


Fig. 1 Crystal structure of $C_4H_{10}N0PbBr_3$ obtained by present experimental data.